

Due 4/13/2026, 9:30 A.M.

Solve the following problems and staple your solutions to this cover sheet. (Computer outputs must be put in the appropriate place in the solution, not attached as an appendix. You may physically cut and paste the output in the problem or allow appropriate space in the printout to add your hand written work.)

1. Sec 8.3 #18

Hint: $a_2 = \frac{1}{6}a_0$ and $a_{n+2} = \frac{2n}{3(n+2)}a_{n+1} - \frac{n-1}{3(n+2)(n+1)}a_n$. It turns out that $y_2 = a_1x$.

2. Sec 8.3 #26

3. Sec 8.4 #3

4. Sec 8.4 #9

Hint: $y = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} a_n(x-1)^n$ and use $x^2 - 2x = (x-1)^2 - 1$.

5. Sec 8.4 #15

Hint: $e^x = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{x^n}{n!}$. It is sufficient to use the first four nonzero terms of the series.

6. Sec 8.5 #6

7. Sec 8.5 #13

8. Sec 8.5 #16

9. Sec 6.1 #8

Hint: Functions f_1 , f_2 and f_3 are linearly dependent iff $k_1f_1(x) + k_2f_2(x) + k_3f_3(x) = 0$, for all x , with k_1 , k_2 and k_3 constants and **not all zero**.

10. Free points!

11. Free points!

12. Free points!